#### Dr Jean Pascal Zanders

A World Free Of Chemical Weapons And Beyond Roundtable organised by Università degli Studi Roma Tre Rome, 20–21 March 2014

# THE CHALLENGES OF ELIMINATING SYRIA'S CHEMICAL WEAPONS AT SEA

# Syria's declaration

- Infrastructure
  - 18 CW Production Facilities (including fixed filling facilities)
  - 12 CW Storage Facilities
  - 8 mobile filling units
  - 3 CW-related facilities (probably a test and evaluation site and laboratories)
- 1,230 unfilled chemical munitions
- Chemicals (1,335 metric tonnes)
  - Agent and precursors: 1,045 MT
  - Raw materials: 290 MT

## Syria's chemical warfare agents

#### Sarin precursors

- DF (methylphosphonyl difluoride)
- Isopropanol (isopropyl alcohol)

#### V-agent precursors

- Sodium-o-ethyl methyl phosphonothionate (OPCW code: A)
- N (2-chloroethyl)-N-ethyl propan 2 amine (solution 23-64%)
   (OPCW code: B)
- N (2-chloroethyl)-N-isopropyl propan 2 amine (solution 23-64%)
   (OPCW code: BB)
- N (2-chloroethyl)-N-isopropyl propan 2 amine (salt) (OPCW code: BB salt)
  - o A + B  $\rightarrow$  VX
  - $\bullet$  A + BB  $\rightarrow$  VM

#### Mustard agent

### Elimination of warfare capacity

- Empty munitions destroyed
- Facilities and equipment rendered inoperable
  - Full destruction still to be completed
- At present, Syria can no longer
  - Produce precursor chemicals or warfare agents
  - Mix precursor chemicals
  - Deliver chemical munitions

### Elimination and destruction operations

#### Syria must destroy

- Isopropanol
- Mustard agent remnants in original containers

#### Operations on US vessel Cape Ray

- Hydrolysis (Mustard agent)
- Neutralisation (nerve agent precursors)
- Toxicity of reaction mass equivalent to low-toxic industrial waste
- Extensive on-board safety precautions
  - Personnel
  - Environmental risk mitigation
  - Fully self-contained process on ship
- Multinational naval protection of Cape Ray

#### Effluents and raw materials to be commercially incinerated

- Two companies selected by OPCW in Finland and USA
- UK has offered to destroy part (150 MT) of the Priority 1 chemicals
- Germany will destroy effluent of mustard agent

### Delays in moving CW out of Syria

#### War situation

- Syria has always claimed major security problems, not fully accepted by Western powers
- Lately, rebel rocket attacks against Latakia port
  - Have not seen independently confirmed reports of attacks against CW convoys, although claimed by Syria

#### Breakdown of Syrian society

- Government only controls area of 70km radius around Damascus → capital is no longer centre of Syria
- Economy, political control now fragmented: in hands of local warlords
- Syrian government now not interested in dialogue → increases significance of local power brokers
- Affects ability to establish local cease fires
  - Usually interest based (mostly access to resources, such as food and water)
  - Rebel forces have no interest in CW removal; on the contrary, they oppose it because of international legitimacy disarmament bestows on government

#### Breakdown of US-Russian dialogue

- No pressure on Syrian government to seek accommodation with insurgents
- Crimea crisis:
  - NATO termination of Russian role in protection of Cape Ray in Mediterranean
  - Russia may begin opposing Western interests (Syria' CW; Iran's nuclear programme, etc.)

### Public outreach

#### Global public

- Information on the CWC and elimination & destruction processes
  - One major briefing of global environmental groups
- Political support for proposed options (UNSC; OPCW decision-making organs)
- Mobilising financial support for the operations

#### Mediterranean coastal states

 Urgent need for active engagement and debate with politicians, opinion shapers and local constituencies on the elimination process, as well as the safety and (environmental) security issues

#### States where effluents will be destroyed

 Urgent need for information briefings on transport, storage and final destruction processes for local communities



Recalling where science, industry and military art converged .

Challenging entrenched positions

www.the-trench.org



jpzanders@the-trench.org